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DATE MAILED:

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST	NAMED INVENTOR	AT	TORNEY DOCKET NO.
09/218,660	12/22/98	UNGER		UNGR-1520	
Г			¬ [EXAMINER	
		HM12/0	913	-	
DAVID A. CHERRY, WOODCOCK WASHBURN KURTZ -			CHABABEL	<u> </u>	
MACKIEWICZ & NORRIS			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ONE LIBERTY	PLACE - 46	TH FLOOR			90
PHILADELPHIA PA 19103				1619	20

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

09/13/01

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/218,660	UNGER ET AL.
Offic Acti n Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Shahnam Sharareh	1619
The MAILING DATE of this communicate Period for Reply	ion appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) da - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	TION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re ation. ys, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT by statute, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>23 January 2001</u> .	
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice		
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠_Claim(s) <u>See Continuation-Sheet</u> is/are	pending-in-the application.	allowed are pursuing the
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w	vithdrawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) 100,102,103,113,115,122,124,	127,194-200,203,210-238,245-24	<u> 18,255-270,277-280,287-292,294-</u>
<u>300,303 and 310-329</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐	accepted or b) bjected to by th	e Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection		• •
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on		sapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are require	• •	
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority doc		
2. Certified copies of the priority doc	·	•
3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation* See the attached detailed Office action for	nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for do	omestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign langua15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for d		

Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper	·	
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01) Continuation of Disposition of Claims: Claims pend 200,203,210-238,245-248,255-270,277-280,287-29		Part of Paper No. 20 ,124,127,194-

DETAILED ACTION

Amendment filed on January 18, 2001 has been entered. Accordingly, claims 101, 114, 123, 201, 202, 204-209, 239-244, 249-254, 271-276, 281-286, 293, 301-302, 304-309, 330, 338-346 have been canceled, and claims 357-411 have been added. Claims 100, 102-103, 113, 115, 122, 124, 127, 194-200, 203, 210-238, 245-248, 255-270, 277-280, 287-292, 294-300, 303, 310-329, 331-337, 347-411 are now pending.

Applicant is requested to provide a set of all pending claims in response to this Office Action.

Priority

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to the priority ruling have been fully considered and are found persuasive. The effective priority date used for the examination of the instant application is May 1, 1996.

Response to Arguments

Any previously made rejection that is not addressed in this Office Action is considered to be obviated in view of amendments filed on January 18, 2001.

Claims 100, 102, 127, 194, 203, 294, 303, 320-338 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lanza et al US Patent 5,989,520.

Applicant's arguments with respect to the rejection over Lanza has been fully considered and were found partially persuasive, accordingly the rejection is now directed to claim 100, 102, 127, 194, 203, 294, 303, 320-338.

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Applicant's argues that Lanza does not teach targeting ligands bound to the lipid vesicle via a hydrophilic polymer-linking group.

In response, Examiner states that Lanza specifically discloses using a polymerized lipid linked or a lipid with ether or ester linked fatty acids (col. 5, lines 60-65). Moreover, Lanza states that his ligand may be also conjugated to the emulsion directly-or indirectly-through-intervening-chemical groups or conjugated directly or indirectly to biotin or analog thereof via a spacer molecule (col 6, lines 50-68, col 10, lines 1-10). Specifically Lanza states that direct conjugation of ligand to a perflurocarbon emulsion is not preferred (col 7. lines 13-16). As discussed previously, Lanza et al. disclose liposomal compositions comprising a perfluorocarbon gas, a bioactive agent, a phospholipid wall, and a targeting moiety (see col 5-7, specifically col 7 lines 41-52, examples 1-4.) Lanza also disclose the use of various suitable therapeutic agents. such as streptokinase, or gene therapy delivery system combined with ultrasonic imaging, as well as the methods of preparing and using thereof (see col 7 lines 19-41, and lines 60-68, example 18). Finally, Lanza has the effective priority date of June 8, 1995 because all its teachings are adequately supported in its parent application 08/488,743, now US Patent 5,690,907. Accordingly, Lanza anticipates the instant claims.

New Grounds of Rej ction

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

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The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly

claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 113, 115, 122, 124, 261, 262, 268, 229, 236, 351, 357-382, 377, 403-411 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claims 113, 122, 351, 357 the use of transitional phrase "comprise" in recitations "wherein said targeting agent... comprise the sequence Lys-Gln-Ala-Gly-Asp-Val" is ambiguous and vague, because the metes and bounds of the claim with respect to the targeting moiety is not clear. Specifically, it is not clear what is the targeting moiety that applicant is claiming as the invention. The recitation appears to be in improper markush format because said chain can existed in variety of polypeptide chains the properties of which can be distinct. Accordingly, Examiner suggests the use of "is" in replace of "comprise" to better define the scope of the claim.

Claims 377, 403 recites the limitation "said receptors" in line 1 of the claims.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claims 100, 102-103, 113, 115, 122, 124, 127, 194-200, 203, 210-238, 245-248, 255-270, 277-280, 287-292, 294-300, 303, 310-329, 331-337, 347-411 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Porter US Patent 5,648,098 in view of Lanza et al 5,989,520 and Konigsberg et al US Patent 5,258,499 or Trubetskoy et al

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(Biochemica et Biopysica Acta 1131 (1992) 311-313); and Ginsberg US Patent 5,656,442 and Siegel et al US Patent 5,695,460.

Porter teaches enhanced thromolytic activity when a perfluorinated micro bubble is used in combination with a thrombolytic agent. Porter however fails to teach the use of a lipid vesicle-encapsulating a-perfluorocarbon.

emulsions provide improved targeting specificity when are attached to a targeting ligand (abstract). However, Lanza fails to specifically use a polypeptide targeting having a sequence Lys-Gln-Ala-Gly-Asp-Val as set forth in claims 113, 357, 383 and their respective dependent claims.

The concept of enhancing liposomal specificity by conjugating liposomes to a ligand such as a peptide, a lipid, or a nucleic acid is well known in the art and has also been described by Lanza et al US Patent 5,989,520, the teaching of which is discussed above. Furthermore, it is well known in the art how to modify carriers such that they are bound, ionically or covalently, to a ligand that binds to a cell surface receptor. For example, Konigsberg et al in US 528,499 describes the incorporation of receptor specific ligands into Liposomes, which are then used to target receptors on the cell surface. Similarly, Trubetskoy teaches how one of ordinary skill in the art is capable of preparing a targeted cationic liposomes via an ionic bridge between two cationic

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moieties. Therefore, it is well settled in the art that preparing targeting Liposomes to create more specific delivery systems is conventional.

Ginsberg discloses the synthetic alpha-amino acid containing chains of Lys-Gln-Ala-Gly-Asp-Val or RGD (col 33, lines 45-55) that are to specifically bind to fibrinogen of-the-platelet membrane glycoprotein complex IIb/IIIa-receptor-and can be used as a targeting-ligand-in-an-in vitro kit (abstract).

Siegel et al discloses methods of utilizing a combination of ultrasonic energy and a liposomal contrast agent to enhance thrombolytic activity of a thrombolytic agent (abstract). Siegel used Echogen which is a per fluorocarbon containing liposomal formulation (see col 5, lines 50-55). Accordingly, Siegel addresses the limitations set forth in claims 383 as directed to process steps. Siegels liposomes however do not have a targeting agent.

The teachings of all cited art are viewed as being in the same field of endeavor, because they provide general knowledge in the area of Sonotherapy and targeted liposomal formulations.

Although Porter does not specifically use a targeting agent to improve the specificity of his vesicles, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to practice Porters methods with lipid vesicles of Lanza, and further conjugate the targeting agents of Ginsberg to such lipid vesicles by conventional methods, as taught by Konigsberg or Trubetskoy, and finally administer the composition

while applying an ultrasonic energy, as taught by Siegel, because the ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation to succeed in improving the specificity and thus thrombolytic activity of conventional thrombolytic therapy. Furthermore, differences in ranges will not support the patentability of subject matter encompassed by the prior art unless there is evidence indicating such ranges (such as the instant rate of administration) is critical. Where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation.

Conclusion

No claims are allowed. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Further, Applicant's submission of an information disclosure statement under 37 CFR 1.97(c) with the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(p) on January 13, 2001 has also prompted the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. See MPEP § 609(B)(2)(i). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a). Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS**MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a)

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

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shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shahnam Sharareh, PharmD whose telephone number is (703) 306-5400. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diana Dudash can be reached on 703-308-2328. The fax phone number for this Group is 703-308-4556. Any inquiry of a general nature of relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1235.

sjs 9/9/2001

DIANA DUDASH SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER SUPERVISORY CENTER 1600 TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600